

Momentum imaging experiments on photo double ionization of atoms by XUV laser sources.

Harmonic generation 1 kHz
PLFA (Saclay) - CIEL2

LIXAM

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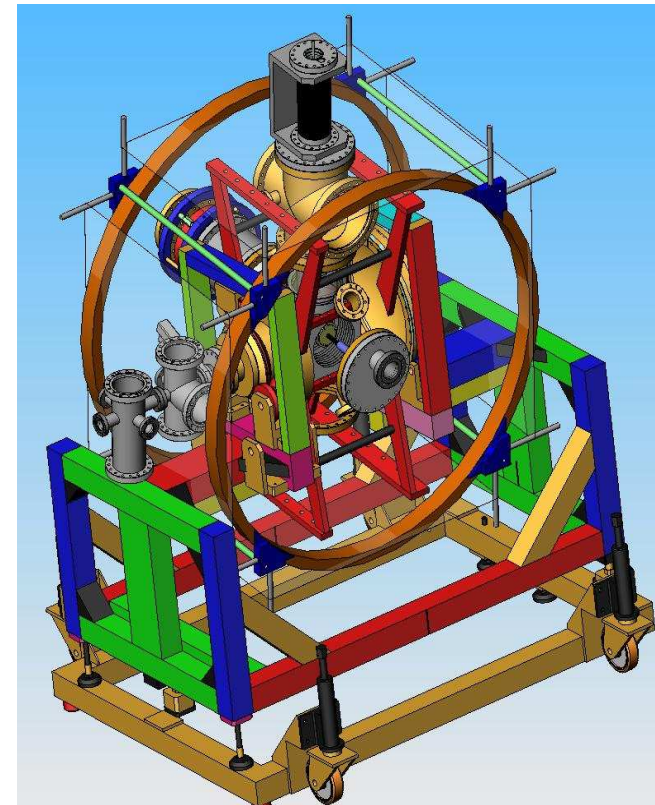
LCAM

D. Dowek and co.

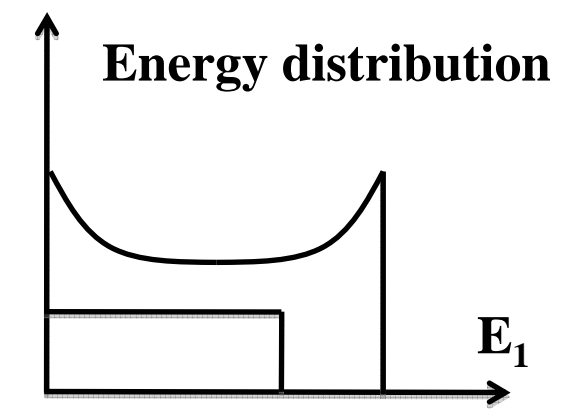
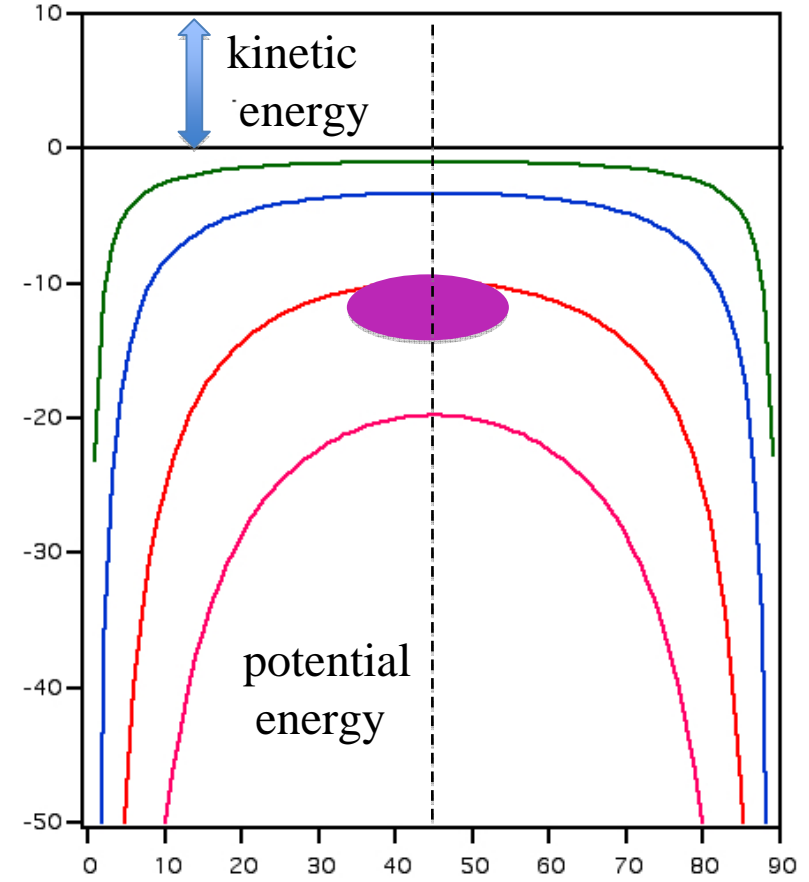
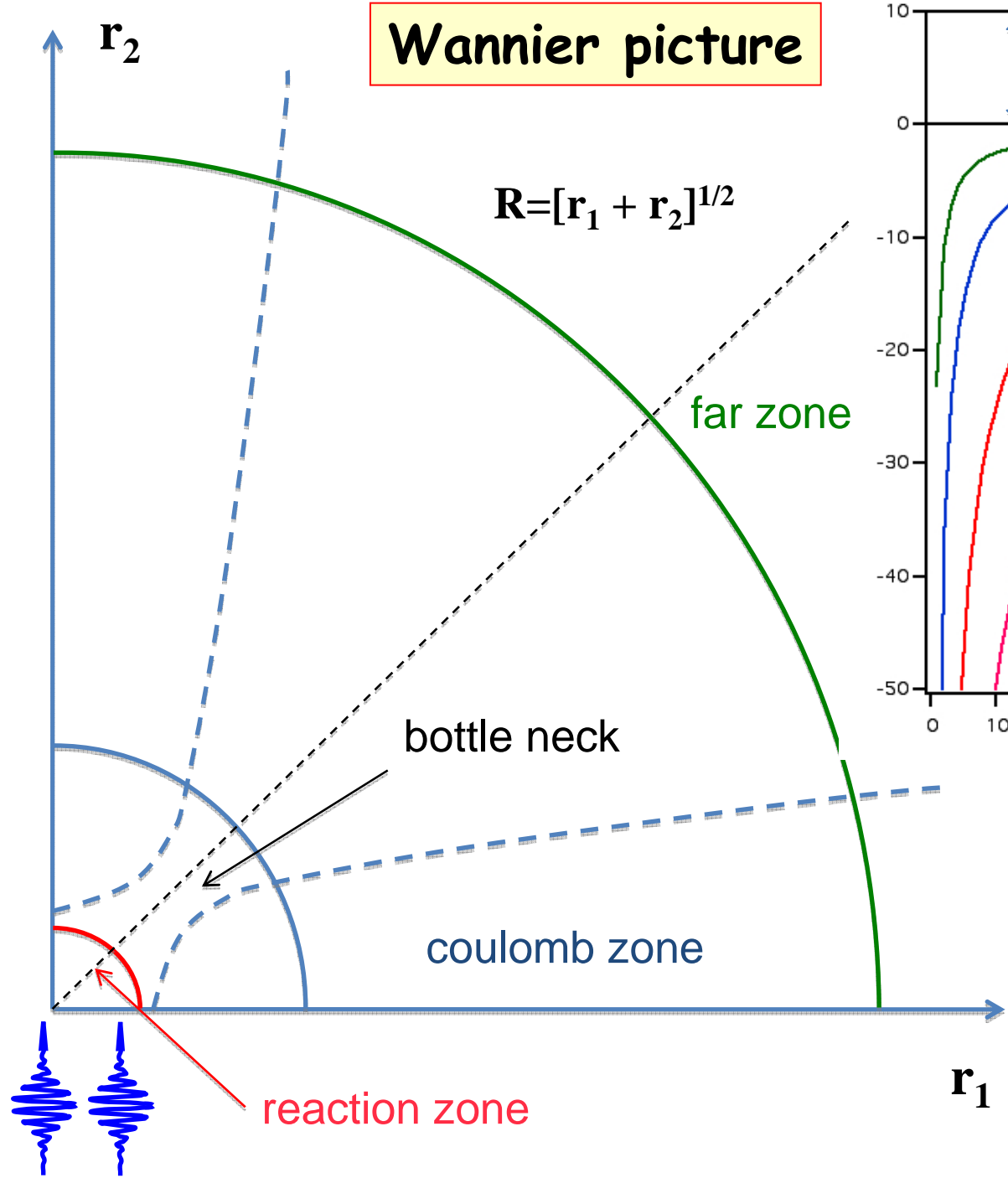
SPAM

B. Carré and co.

H. Rottke (MBI)
P. Antoine (Louvain)
L. DiMauro (Columbus)



Wannier picture



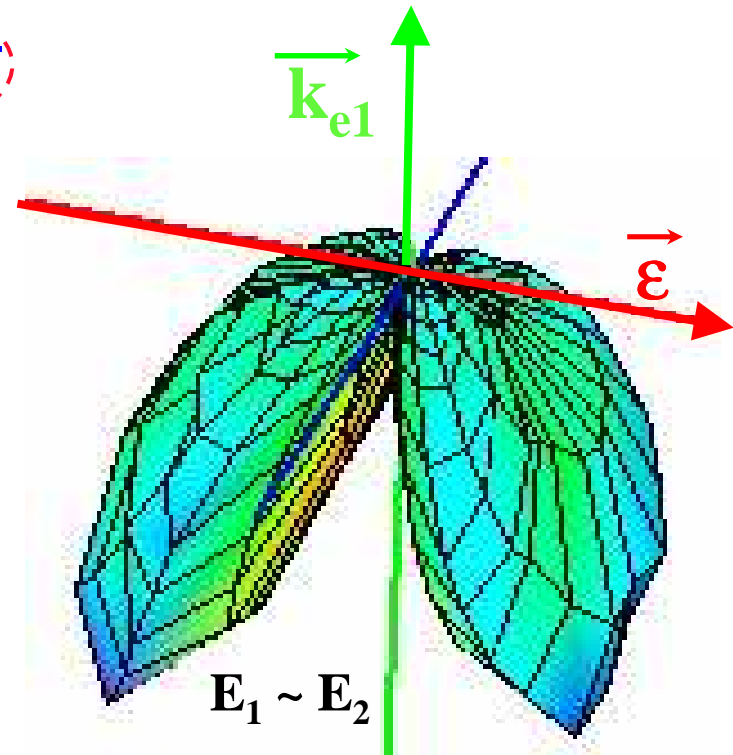
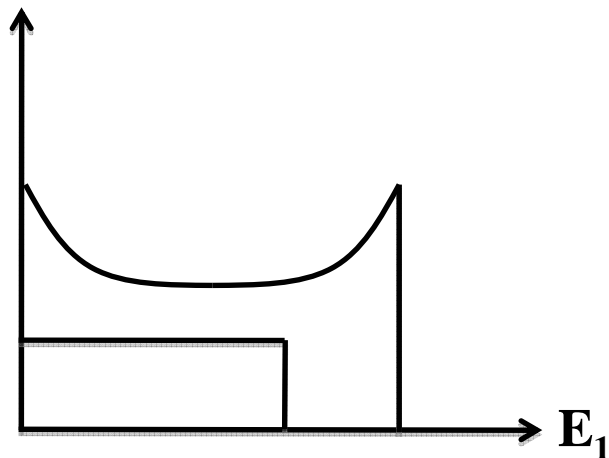
PDI of helium - 1 XUV photon - synchrotron



104 eV

Repetition rate 10 MHz

Energy distribution



Number of events $\sim 10^6$
recording ~ 5 h ELETTRA

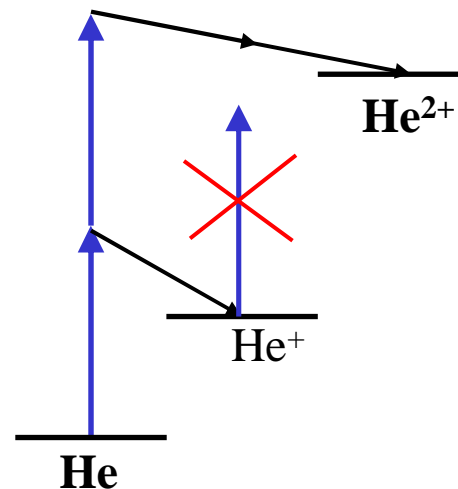
Non sequential PDI of helium - 2 XUV photons - FLASH



44 eV

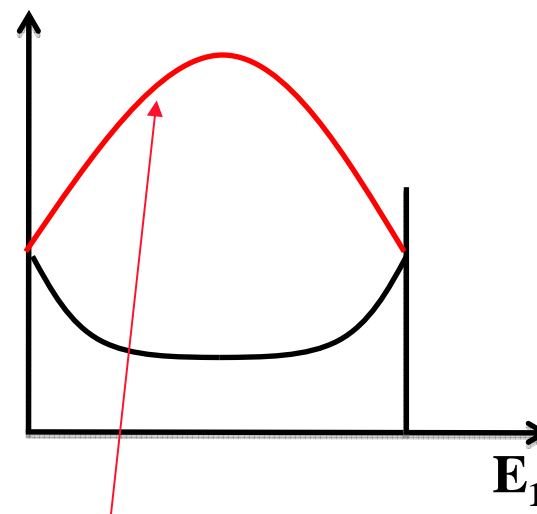
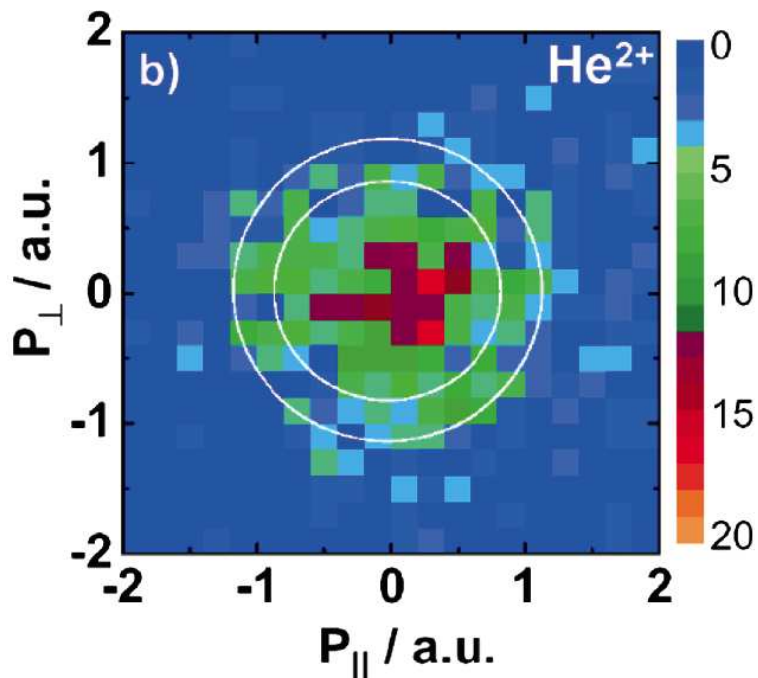
$\sim 10^{14} \text{W/cm}^2$

100 Hz?



He²⁺ ions, no coincidence

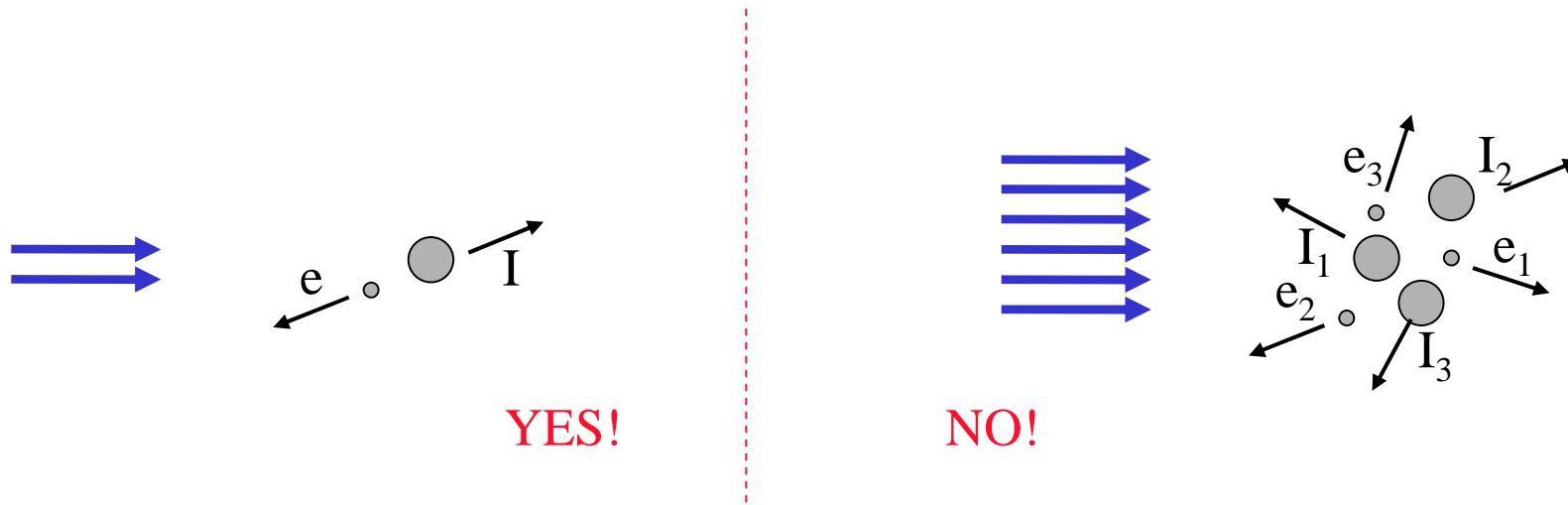
$$\vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2 + \vec{P}_i = 0$$



Rudenko et al, PRL 101, 073003 (2008)

Foumouo et al, JPB 41, 051001 (2008)

Condition for coincidences

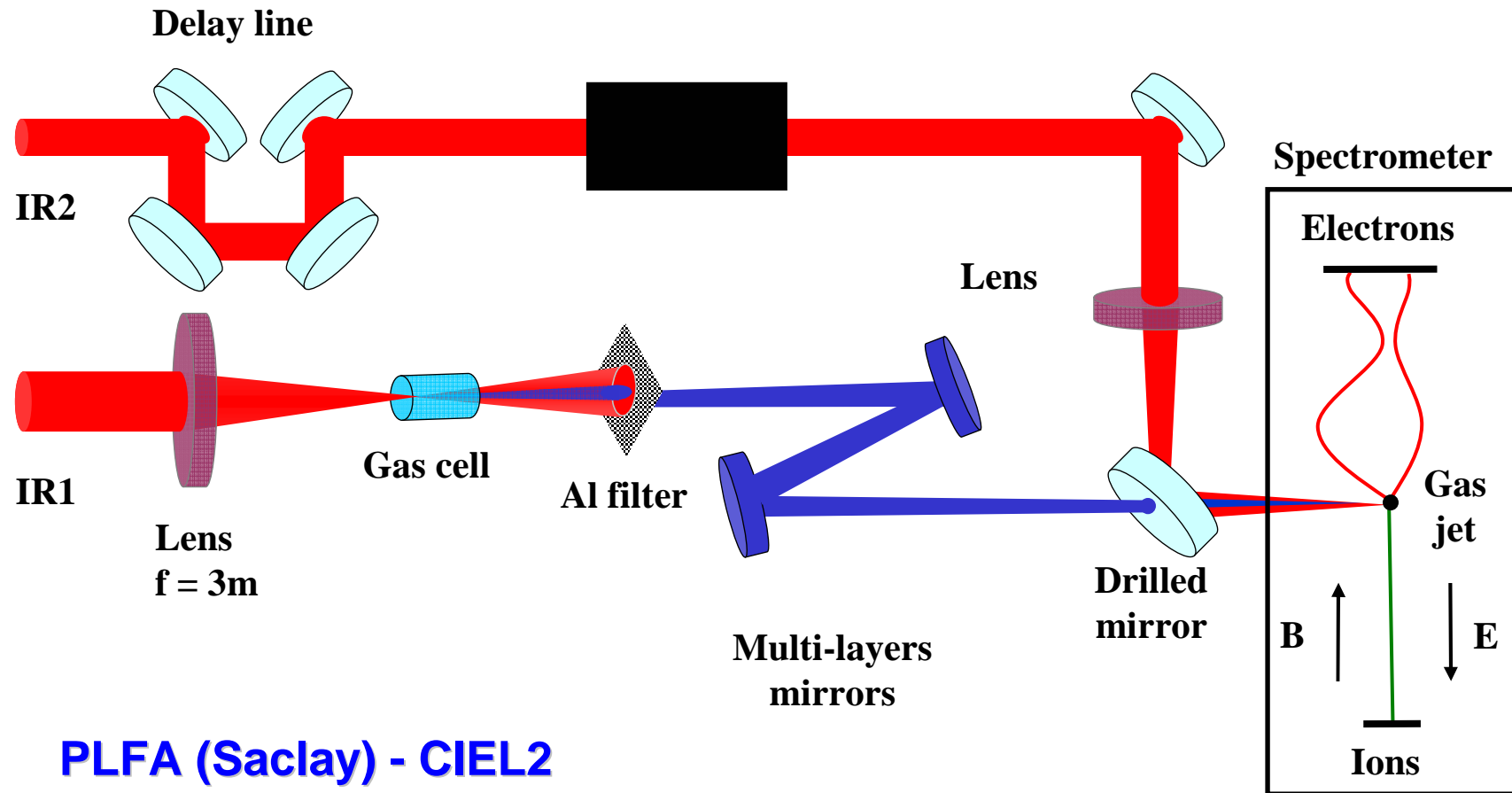


Probability of 1 event for 1 photon pulse ~ 0.1

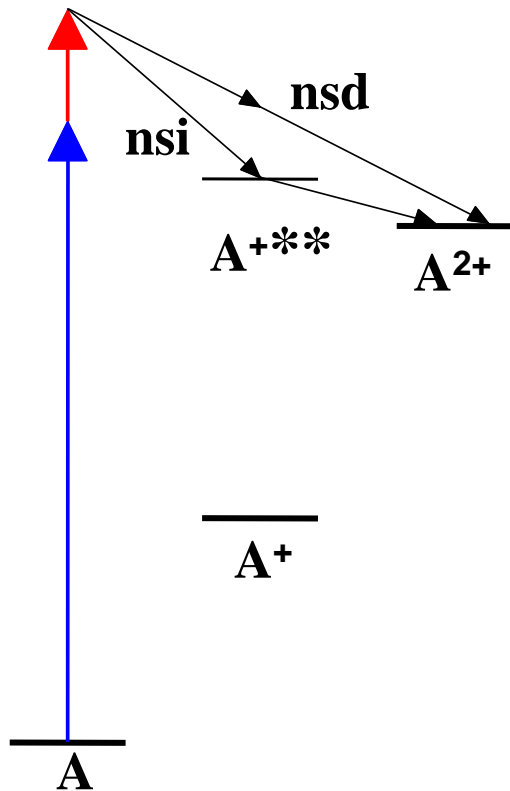
Consequences:

- **with laser sources low density is required in the gas beam**
- **the number of recorded events scales as the r.r. !!!!**

2 colour PDI of xenon - Harmonic source - 1 kHz



2 colour PDI : non-sequential processes



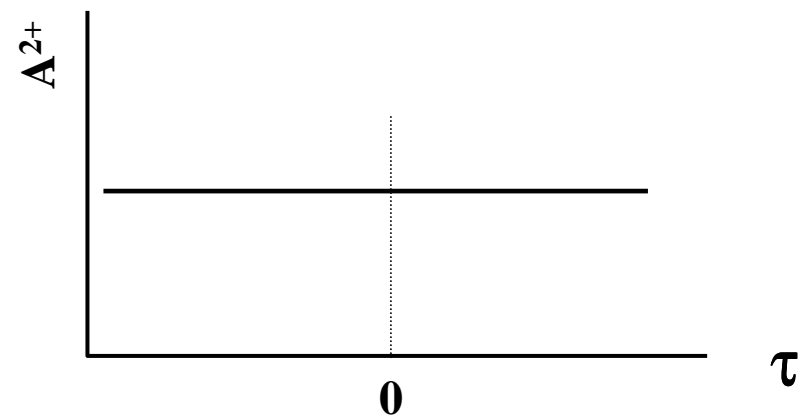
Direct (nsd)

- coulomb repulsion ($e_1 - e_2$)
- symmetry (\leftrightarrow nb of photons)

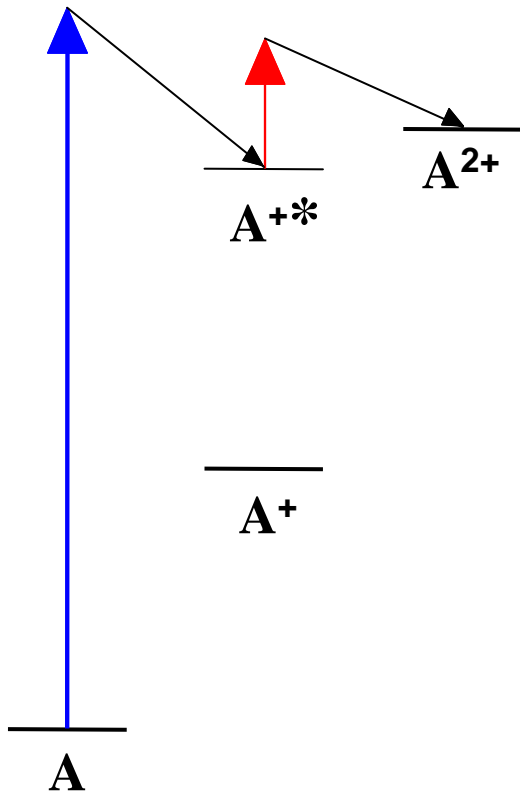
Indirect (nsi)

- discrete values of E_1 and E_2
- no coulomb repulsion ($e_1 - e_2$)

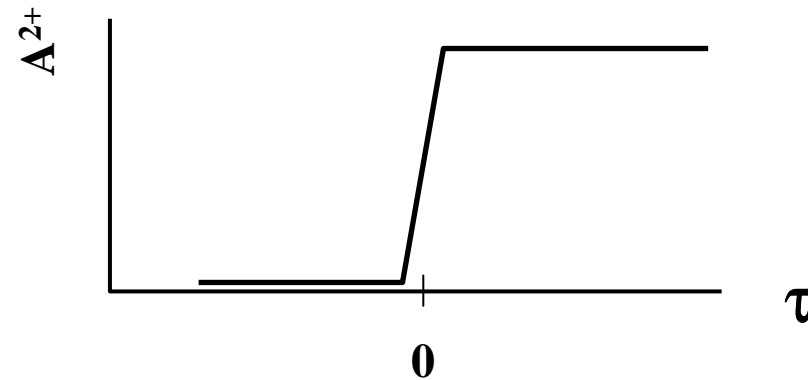
A^{2+} signal constant / τ



2 colour PDI : sequential process

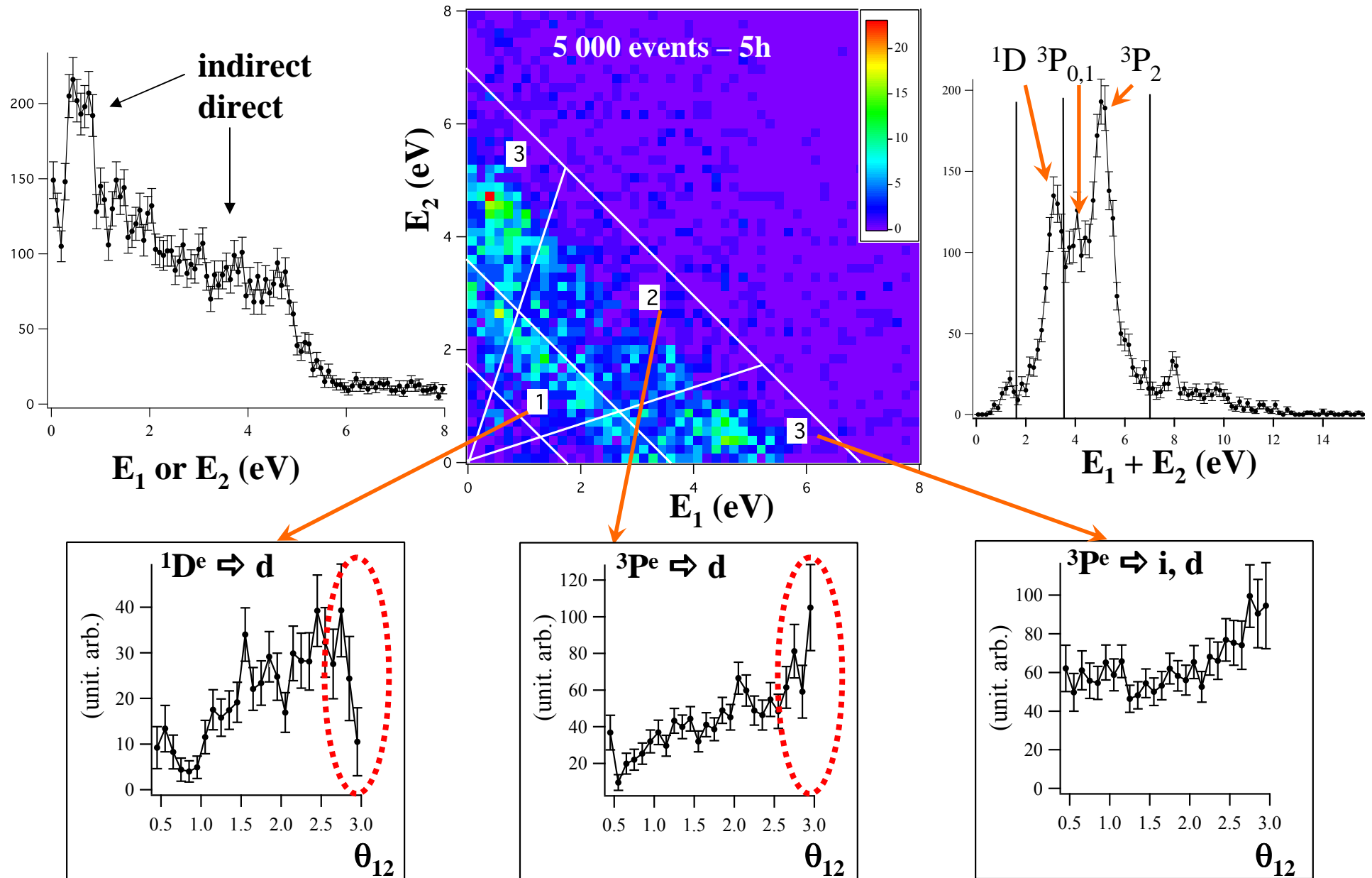


- E_1 and E_2 discrete
- no coulomb repulsion between e_1 and e_2
- step in A^{2+} signal / τ



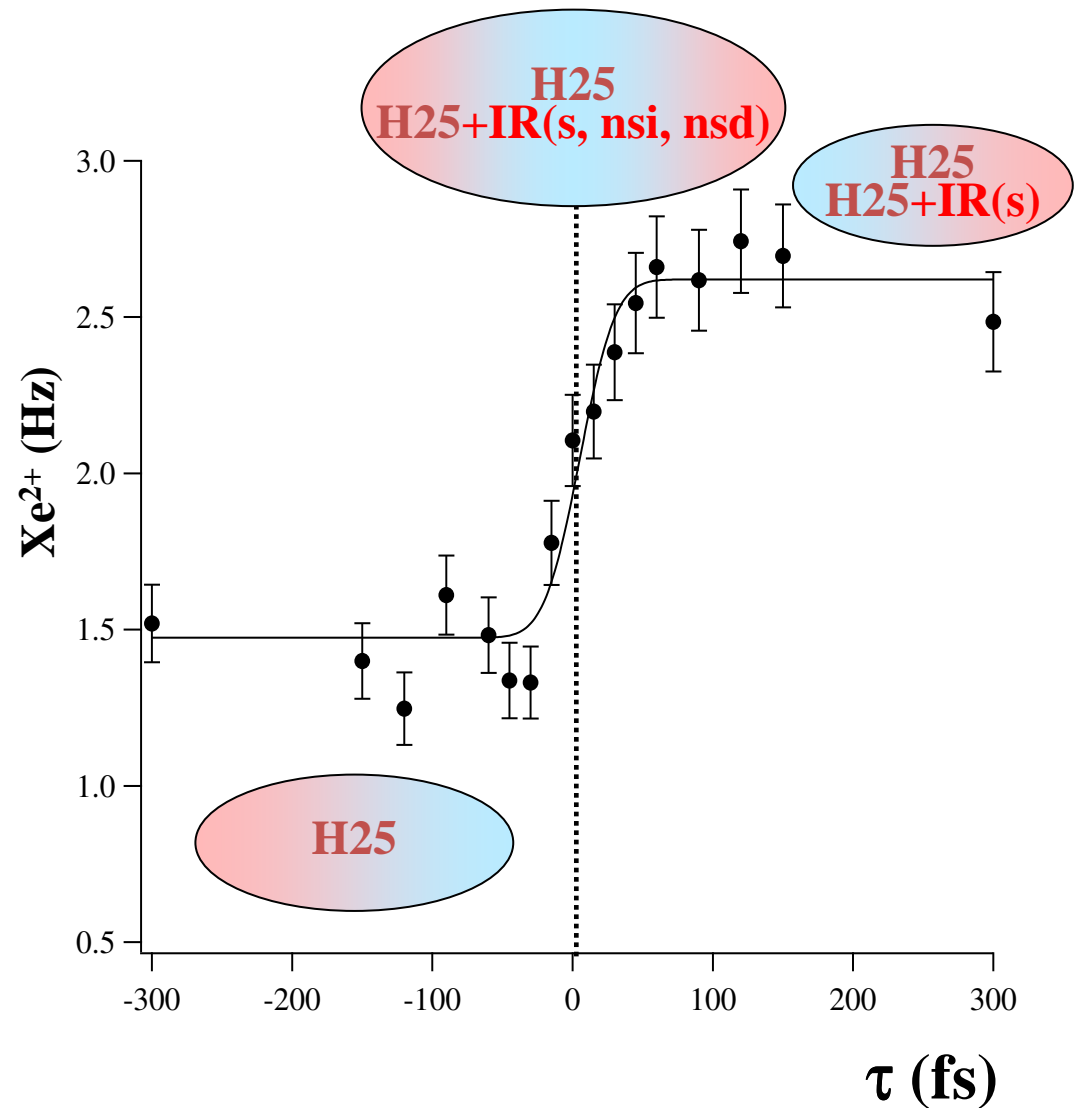
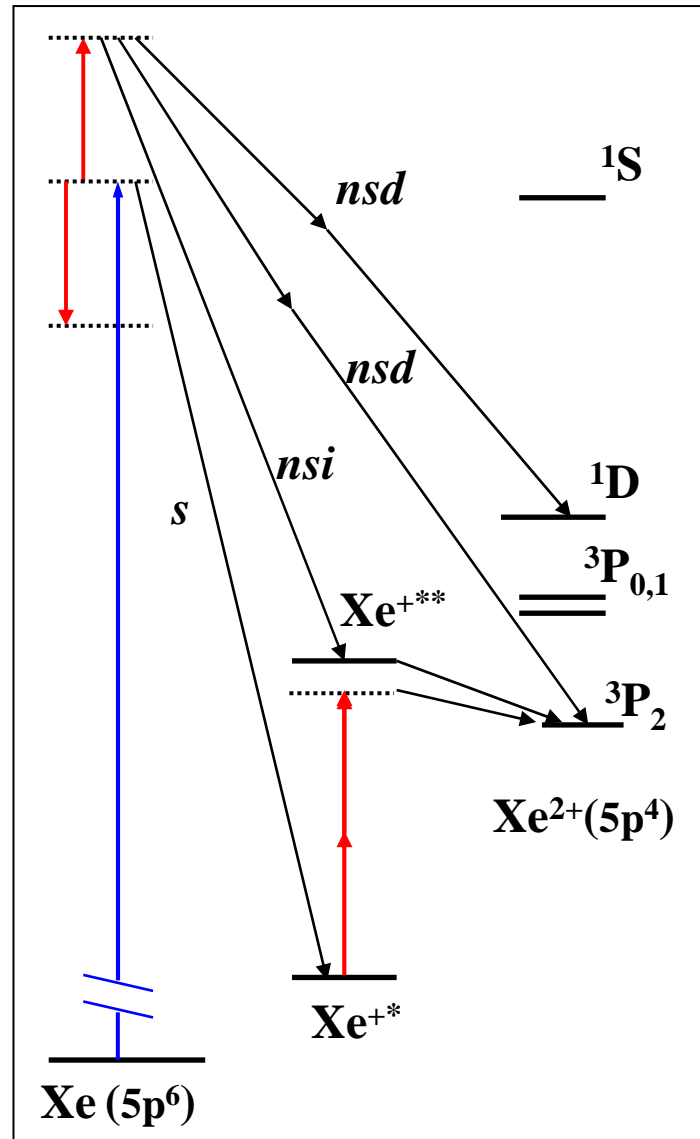
PDI of Xe: 25th harmonic alone

Guyétand et al
J. Phys. B: 41 065601 (2008)



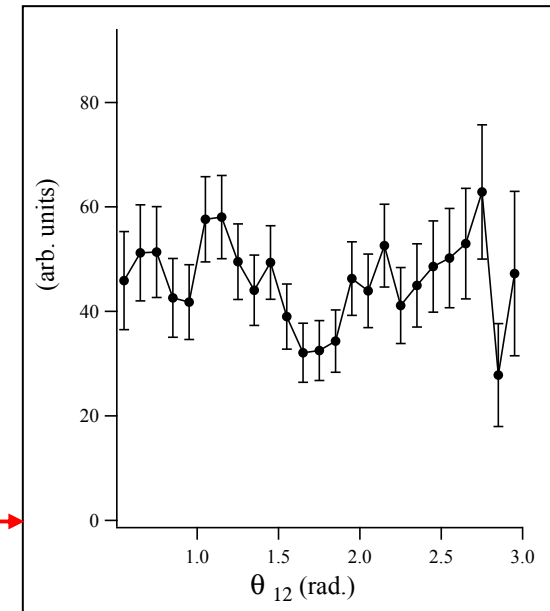
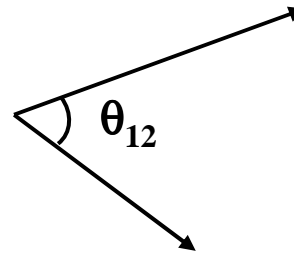
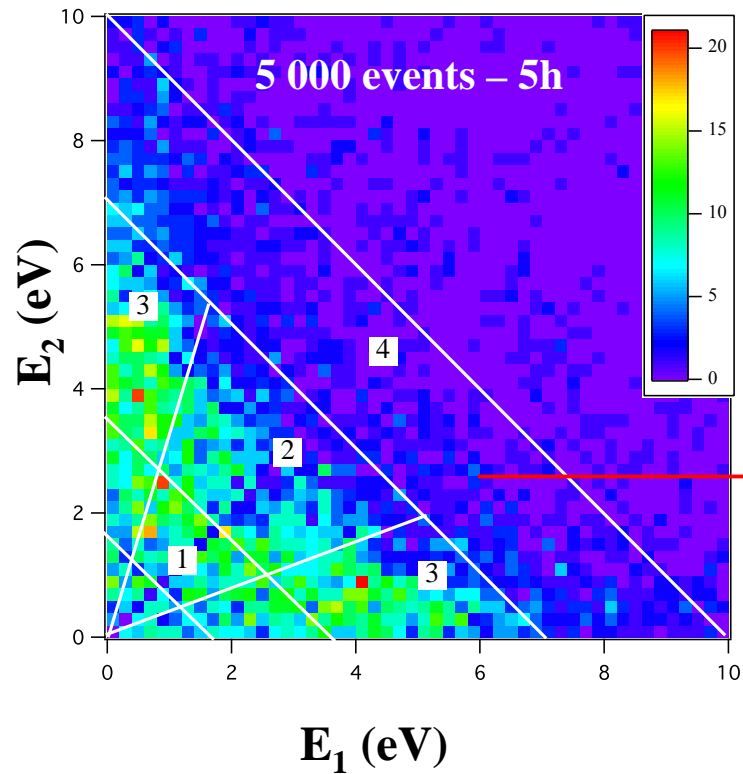
PDI of Xe: 25th harmonic + IR

Guyétand et al
J. Phys. B: 41 065601 (2008)



PDI of Xe: 25th harmonic + IR ($\tau=0$)

Guyétand et al
J. Phys. B: 41 065601 (2008)



2 colour PDI (region 4) :
sequential via Xe^{+*}
non sequential indirect via Xe^{+}**

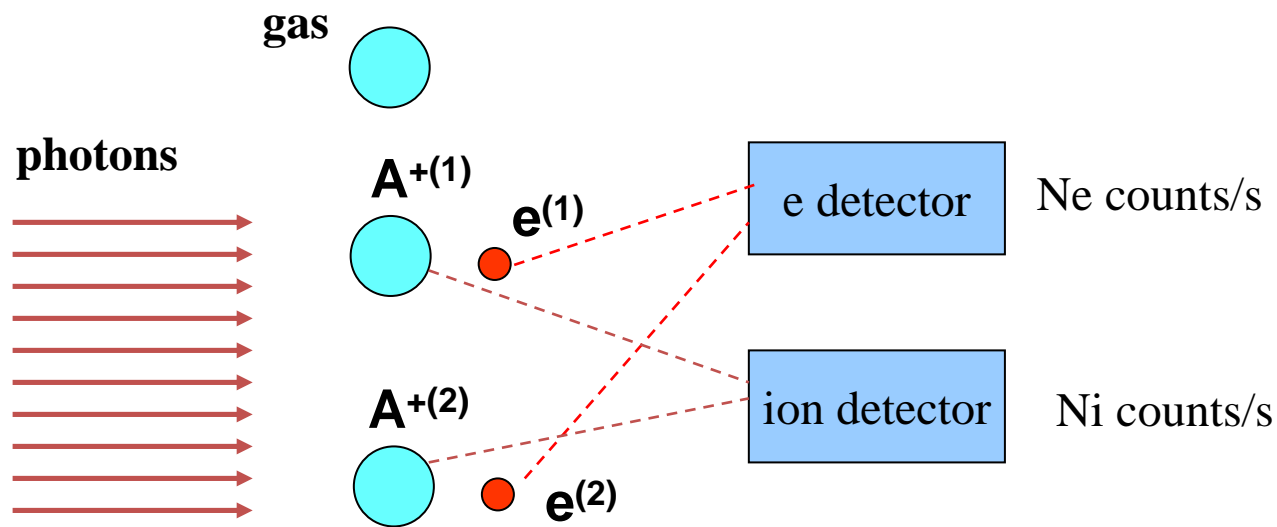
Comparison of XUV sources

	Synchrotron	HHG	FLASH
$\Delta E/E$	10^{-5}	10^{-4}	10^{-3}
ph/s	10^{14}	10^8-10^{11}	10^{15}
ph/pulse	10^7	10^6-10^{10}	10^{14}
energy/pulse	1 nJ	1 μ J	10 - 100 μ J
intensity	10^5 W/cm ²	10^{12} W/cm ²	10^{14} - 10^{16} W/cm ²
h ν	IR - X-Ray (eV - keV)	IR - XUV (eV, 200eV)	VUV - XUV 15 - 200 eV
tunability	easy	limited	possible
repetition rate	pulsed MHz	pulsed 1 kHz	pulsed 5x200=1 kHz ?
temporal width	30-50 ps	10 fs	10 - 20 fs

Conclusion : requirements for AEC

- **intensity ~ threshold for 2 XUV photons**
 - ~ 10 μJ / pulse
 - ~ 10^{14} W/cm^2
- **repetition rate as high as possible !!!**

true/random ratio with pulsed photon sources



detected events
by coincidence
system :

$A^{+(1)} e^{(1)}$ T

$A^{+(1)} e^{(2)}$ R

$A^{+(2)} e^{(1)}$ R

$A^{+(2)} e^{(2)}$ T

coincidence time spectra for various photon sources, keeping the same N_e , N_i , time window and acquisition time

